

115TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 2958

To reduce greenhouse gas emissions and protect the climate.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 20, 2017

Mr. TED LIEU of California (for himself, Ms. BARRAGÁN, Ms. LEE, Mr. QUIGLEY, Ms. DELAUR, Mr. POLIS, Mr. TAKANO, Mr. GALLEG, Mr. ELLISON, and Mrs. NAPOLITANO) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

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# A BILL

To reduce greenhouse gas emissions and protect the climate.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3       **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Climate Solutions Act  
5       of 2017”.

6       **SEC. 2. FINDINGS; SENSE OF CONGRESS.**

7       (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds as follows:

8           (1) The United States has the objective of sta-  
9           bilizing greenhouse gas concentrations in the atmos-

1       phere at a level that would prevent “dangerous an-  
2       thropogenic interference” with the climate system as  
3       demonstrated by becoming a party to the 1992  
4       United Nations Framework Convention on Climate  
5       Change, pledging to China to reduce greenhouse gas  
6       emissions to 28 percent of their 2005 levels by 2025,  
7       and regulating greenhouse gas emissions from sta-  
8       tionary sources, mobile sources, and electrical power  
9       suppliers.

10           (2) To achieve this objective, the increase in  
11       global mean surface temperature should not exceed  
12       2°C (3.6°F) above preindustrial temperature, much  
13       of which is already projected to occur by the Inter-  
14       governmental Panel on Climate Change.

15           (3) The risks associated with a temperature in-  
16       crease above 2°C (3.6°F) are grave, including the  
17       disintegration of the Greenland ice sheet, which, if  
18       it were to melt completely, would raise global aver-  
19       age sea level by approximately 23 feet, devastating  
20       many of the world’s coastal areas and population  
21       centers.

22           (4) The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate  
23       Change projects that temperatures will rise between  
24       1.8°C to 4.0°C (3.2°F to 7.2°F) by the end of the  
25       century, under a range of expected emissions trends,

1       but if there are common goals to limit greenhouse  
2       gas emissions, the temperature increase can be lim-  
3       ited to 2°C (3.6°F) or less.

4                 (5) Serious global warming impacts have al-  
5       ready been observed in the United States and world-  
6       wide, including—

7                         (A) increases in heat waves and other ex-  
8       treme weather events;

9                         (B) rise in sea level, retreat of glaciers and  
10       polar ice;

11                         (C) decline in mountain snowpack, in-  
12       creased drought (including droughts in the  
13       West and South United States) resulting in  
14       damage to our economy and property;

15                         (D) extreme weather conditions resulting  
16       in wildfires, stronger hurricanes and polar vor-  
17       tex occurrences resulting in further damage to  
18       property and our economy;

19                         (E) damage to our environment such as  
20       ocean acidification, extensive coral bleaching,  
21       migrations, and shifts in the yearly cycles of  
22       plants and animals; and

23                         (F) effects on human population including  
24       population displacement and adverse health ef-

1           fects such as the spread of infectious diseases  
2           and climate-related conditions such as asthma.

3           (6) Scientists project that under a midrange es-  
4           timate of global warming, by 2050, roughly 25 per-  
5           cent of animal and plant species will be committed  
6           to extinction.

7           (7) Decisive action is needed to minimize the  
8           many dangers posed by global warming.

9           (8) The timing of such action is critical, given  
10          that greenhouse gases can persist in the atmosphere  
11          for more than a century.

12          (9) The International Energy Agency has  
13          warned in its most recent World Energy Outlook re-  
14          port that, unless there is a serious commitment to  
15          investing in zero carbon renewable energy resources,  
16          much of the amount of projected limits necessary to  
17          avoid greenhouse-gas-emission-caused dangerous an-  
18          thropogenic interference with the climate system will  
19          be locked in and exceeded.

20          (10) PricewaterhouseCoopers Low Carbon  
21          Economy Index Report estimates that carbon-based  
22          fuel use needs to be reduced 6.5 percent per year  
23          through the year 2100, nearly six times the current  
24          rate, to avoid dangerous anthropogenic interference  
25          with the climate system.

1                         (11) With only 5 percent of the world popu-  
2                         lation, the United States emits approximately 20  
3                         percent of the world's total greenhouse gas emissions  
4                         and must be a leader in addressing global warming.

5                         (12) The State of California, the 6th largest  
6                         economy in the world, has shown that renewable en-  
7                         ergy standards and greenhouse gas emissions regula-  
8                         tion can reduce greenhouse gas emissions while fos-  
9                         tering significant economic growth.

10                         (13) Existing energy efficiency and clean, re-  
11                         newable energy technologies can reduce global warm-  
12                         ing pollution, while saving consumers money, reduc-  
13                         ing our dependence on oil, enhancing national secu-  
14                         rity, cleaning the air, and protecting pristine places  
15                         from drilling and mining.

16                         (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the  
17                         Congress that the United States should participate in ne-  
18                         gotiations under the 1992 United Nations Framework  
19                         Convention on Climate Change and honor its commit-  
20                         ments therefrom with the objective of securing and con-  
21                         tinuing United States participation in agreements, includ-  
22                         ing the Paris Agreement that the United States accepted  
23                         on September 3, 2016, and took effect on November 4,  
24                         2016, that—

- 1                         (1) establish mitigation commitments by all  
2                         countries that are major emitters of greenhouse  
3                         gases, consistent with the principle of common but  
4                         differentiated responsibilities;
- 5                         (2) achieve reductions in global greenhouse gas  
6                         emissions at a pace and level sufficient to avoid dan-  
7                         gerous interference with the Earth's climate; and
- 8                         (3) advance and protect the economic and na-  
9                         tional security interests of the United States.

10                     **TITLE I—RENEWABLE ENERGY**

11                     **SEC. 101. NATIONAL RENEWABLE ENERGY STANDARD.**

12                     Title VI of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act  
13                     of 1978 is amended by adding at the end the following:

14                     **“SEC. 610. NATIONAL RENEWABLE ENERGY STANDARD.**

15                     “(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall promulgate  
16                         regulations requiring that—

17                     “(1) beginning in calendar year 2020, the per-  
18                         centage of electric energy generated from renewable  
19                         sources that is sold at the retail level in the United  
20                         States shall increase each year;

21                     “(2) in calendar year 2030 and each subse-  
22                         quent calendar year, such percentage shall be not  
23                         less than 40 percent of the total electric energy sold  
24                         at the retail level in the United States; and

1           “(3) in calendar year 2050 and each subse-  
2       quent calendar year, such percentage shall not be  
3       less than 80 percent of the total electric energy sold  
4       at the retail level in the United States.

5           “(b) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall carry out  
6       this section in consultation with the Administrator of the  
7       Environmental Protection Agency.

8           “(c) SUBSEQUENT INCREASES.—Upon petition or  
9       upon the Secretary’s own initiative, the Secretary may in-  
10      crease the percentage required by subsection (a)(2).

11          “(d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-  
12       tion shall be construed to preempt or limit State actions  
13       to enhance renewable energy generation or energy effi-  
14       ciency.”.

## 15       **TITLE II—ENERGY EFFICIENCY**

### 16       **SEC. 201. NATIONAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY STANDARD.**

17          Title VI of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act  
18       of 1978, as amended by section 101 of this Act, is amend-  
19       ed by adding at the end the following:

### 20       **“SEC. 611. NATIONAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY STANDARD.**

21          “(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall promulgate  
22       regulations in accordance with this section setting end-  
23       user savings targets for retail electric energy and natural  
24       gas suppliers.

1       “(b) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall carry out  
2 this section in consultation with the Administrator of the  
3 Environmental Protection Agency.

4       “(c) REQUIREMENTS.—With respect to targets under  
5 subsection (a):

6           “(1) The targets shall require each supplier to  
7 secure annual savings of a set percentage of the sup-  
8 plier’s most recent year’s sales to retail customers.

9           “(2) The savings shall be achieved through end-  
10 use efficiency improvements at customer facilities.

11          “(3) The targets—

12              “(A) for retail electric energy suppliers  
13 shall increase gradually from 0.25 percent of  
14 sales in 2020 to 1.5 percent of sales in 2025  
15 and each year thereafter through 2030; and

16              “(B) for retail natural gas suppliers shall  
17 increase gradually from 0.25 percent of sales in  
18 2020 to 0.5 percent of sales in 2025 and each  
19 year thereafter through 2030.

20           “(4) The targets are cumulative. Each year’s  
21 savings shall be achieved in addition to the previous  
22 years’ savings.

23          “(d) REQUIRED PERCENTAGES AFTER 2030.—The  
24 Secretary may, upon petition or upon the Secretary’s own

1 initiative, increase the required percentage of end-user  
2 savings for years after 2030.

3       “(e) MARKET-BASED TRADING SYSTEM.—The Sec-  
4 retary shall allow suppliers to achieve the targets under  
5 subsection (a) through a market-based trading system.

6       “(f) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-  
7 tion shall be construed to preempt or limit State actions  
8 to enhance renewable energy generation or energy effi-  
9 ciency.”.

10           **TITLE III—SCIENCE-BASED  
11            REDUCTIONS**

12           **SEC. 301. EMISSION REDUCTION TARGETS.**

13       Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment  
14 of this Act, the Administrator of the Environmental Pro-  
15 tection Agency (in this title referred to as the “Adminis-  
16 trator”) shall promulgate annual emission reduction tar-  
17 gets for each of calendar years 2030 through 2050, so as  
18 to ensure that the quantity of United States greenhouse  
19 gas emissions—

20           (1) in 2035, is at least 40 percent below the  
21           quantity of such emissions in 1990; and

22           (2) in 2050, is at least 80 percent below the  
23           quantity of such emissions in 1990.

1   **SEC. 302. NATIONAL ACADEMIES REVIEW.**

2       Not later than 5 years after the date of the enact-  
3   ment of this Act, and every 5 years thereafter, the Admin-  
4   istrator shall enter into an arrangement with the National  
5   Academies (or, if the National Academies decline to enter  
6   into such arrangement, another appropriate entity) under  
7   which the National Academies, acting through the Na-  
8   tional Academy of Sciences and the National Research  
9   Council, will submit a report to the Administrator and the  
10   Congress on the prospects for avoiding dangerous anthro-  
11   pogenic interference with the climate system and the  
12   progress made to date. Each such report shall—

13           (1) evaluate whether the emission reduction tar-  
14   gets promulgated pursuant to section 301 and the  
15   policies to reduce United States greenhouse gas  
16   emissions under this Act, the amendments made by  
17   this Act, and other provisions of law, including the  
18   Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.), are likely  
19   to be sufficient to avoid dangerous climate change,  
20   taking into account the actions of other nations; and

21           (2) if the National Academies concludes that  
22   such targets and policies are not likely to be suffi-  
23   cient to avoid dangerous climate change—

24           (A) identify the needed amount of further  
25   reductions in atmospheric greenhouse gas con-  
26   centrations; and

(B) recommend additional United States and international actions to further reduce atmospheric greenhouse gas concentrations.

#### **4 SEC. 303. REGULATIONS.**

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall—

(1) not later than 7 years after the date of enactment of this Act, promulgate final regulations to implement the emission reduction targets under section 301; and

10 (2) not less than every 5 years thereafter—

(A) review such regulations, taking into account the reports under section 302; and

15       (b) RULEMAKING ON RECOMMENDATIONS OF NA-  
16 TIONAL ACADEMIES.—If any report under section 302 in-  
17 cludes a recommendation under section 302(2)(B) for reg-  
18 ulatory action by a Federal department or agency, and  
19 such regulatory action is within the authority of such de-  
20 partment or agency (under law other than this sub-  
21 section), the head of such department or agency shall, not  
22 later than 2 years after the submission of such report, fi-  
23 nalize a rulemaking—

24 (1) to carry out such regulatory action; or

25 (2) to explain the reasons for declining to act.

1       (c) ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS.—The regulations  
2 promulgated under subsection (a) may include additional  
3 regulations to reduce emissions of United States green-  
4 house gases from any source or sector. Any such regula-  
5 tions that address sources whose greenhouse gas emissions  
6 are regulated pursuant to section 111(d) of the Clean Air  
7 Act (42 U.S.C. 7411(d)) shall account for the compliance  
8 schedule promulgated pursuant to such section 111(d).  
9       Regulations under this section may include market-based  
10 measures, emissions performance standards, efficiency  
11 performance standards, best management practices, tech-  
12 nology-based requirements, and other forms of require-  
13 ments.

14       (d) RELATION TO OTHER AUTHORITY.—The author-  
15 ity vested by this title is in addition to the authority to  
16 regulate greenhouse gas emissions pursuant to other pro-  
17 visions of law.

18 **SEC. 304. SAVINGS CLAUSE.**

19       Nothing in this title shall be interpreted to preempt  
20 or limit State actions to address climate change.

21 **SEC. 305. DEFINITIONS.**

22       In this title:

23           (1) GREENHOUSE GAS.—The term “greenhouse  
24 gas” means—

25           (A) carbon dioxide;

